Lomond

Technical Information Pack

| Hospitality | Hotel | | Leisure | | Marine | Residential | Workspace |
|-------------|-------|---|---------|---|--------|-------------|-----------|
| | | 1 | | 1 | | | |

YARWOOD Leather

Lomond Leather Technical Information Pack

We look forward to working with you as your leather supplier, here are the main advantages of working with us:

Accredited to ISO9001, Yarwood provides a wide range of leather and faux leather ranges which are suitable for the contract and hospitality, marine, residential and workplace sectors. Yarwood also offer specialist aviation and automotive leathers and faux leathers.

As well as supplying leather and faux leathers, we offer a cutting service which allows you to save time and money by having your order delivered as cut parts.

Additionally, we also offer a sewing service, once again allowing you to save money by having your leather or faux leather cut and sewn ready for assembly.

Please see enclosed the colour palette, technical information and fire certification for the Lomond range.

All our leathers have a minimum order quantity of one hide.

If you require any samples of our ranges, further information or to place an order, please contact the Sales Office:

+44 (0) 113 252 1014 sales@yarwoodleather.com













Range Information - Lomond

A consistent commercial leather which would be suited in any type of environment for contract, marine or an office to domestic and retail.

Lomond is a hard wearing, pigmented leather with a luxurious feel.

It's soft pliable surface is enough to make Lomond your first choice in leather.

Key Facts

- Pigmented
- Av. Hide Size 3.8m²

Fire Regulations

- Meets Cigarette & Match as standard
- Meets Crib 5 as standard
- Meets IMO Part 8 as standard

Please remember that leather is a natural product and there may be natural variation between samples and final batch.

All samples should be treated as a guide for colour and texture only.

Lomond Technical Information

Application Usage

Hospitality Hotel Leisure Marine Residential Workspace

Certification on following pages

Test Results

Material Characteristics

| Thickness | 1.2 - 1.4mm ± 0.1mm |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Mass | 950g/m2 ± 5% |
| Average Hide Size | 3.8m |

Wear Tests

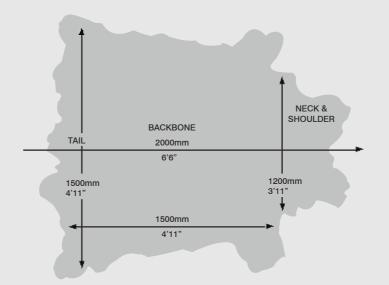
| Test | Method | Result |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Fastness to Light | BS EN ISO 105-B02:1999 | Blue Wool 3 (min) |
| Fastness to Rubbing | BS EN ISO 11640:1998 | 250 Wet / 500 Dry |
| Tear Strength | BS EN ISO 3370-1:2002 | 20N |

Flammability Tests

| | | lest | Result |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| Domestic FR | (Cigarette + Match) | BS 5852: Part 1: 1979 | Pass |
| Contract FR | (Crib 5) | BS 5852:2006 - Ig source 5 | Pass |
| Marine FR | (Indoor Marine Seating) | IMO 2010 FTP Code Annex 1 Part 8 | Pass |

Typical Lomond Hide Size

The illustration shown below is a guide to the shape and size of a typical hide. Every hide is different and can vary in size. When ordering leather, please be sure to allow for natural wastage that will occur due to the shape of the hide, a minimum of 30% should be used, contact your sales representative for further guidance.







Lomond Range

Taken from the southern Scottish Loch, the largest of them all and overlooked by one of the highest Munros, Ben Lomond, this range is created on top quality hides with a colour palette suited to its surroundings of red deer and oak woodland with a few tones of grey.

A bespoke colour service is available on the Lomond range, subject to minimum order quantities.

Please remember that leather is a natural product and there may be natural variation between samples and final batch.

All samples should be treated as a guide for colour and texture only.









Using Lomond

With any product, it is important to ensure the right material is being used for your application.

Lomond is an understated leather, offering both comfort and practicality in a range of well loved tones.

See the following page for a comprehensive care and cleaning guide.

Using Lomond in Hospitality or Contract Design

Warm neutral tones in a soft yet hard wearing finish means Lomond offers a classic finish for contract seating. Create welcoming reception spaces, hotel rooms or bar seating with Lomond.

As with all Yarwood ranges, Lomond comes Crib 5 as standard, for Crib 5 certification please see the end of this technical information pack.

Using Lomond in Marine Design

Bringing the home away from home look to the seas.

Lounge areas on board cruise liners to cabin seating in yacht designs, Lomond can be used throughout indoor marine seating design, meeting IMO Part 8 fire regulations as standard.

For IMO certification please see the end of this technical information pack.

Using Lomond in Residential Design

From study seating to traditional sofas, Lomond's finish offers a supple finish for the home.

The Lomond colour palette is popular with cool greys and traditional browns.

For Cigarette + Match Fire certification please see the end of this technical information pack.

Using Lomond in Workplace Design

Collaborate in comfort.

Lomond's well-loved tones create a smart look for workplace seating. From task seating to meeting dens, Lomond is at home throughout the workplace.

For Crib 5 certification please see the end of this technical information pack.







Lomond Care and Cleaning Guide

Pigmented or protected leathers were one of the most common types of leather used for furniture and continue to be the most popular today.

Pigmented leathers are made by applying a pigmented top coat to the tanned and dyed leather to form a continuous homogenous film that is uniform in terms of thickness and colour.

A pigmented product can then be embossed for further consistency or the grain layer left intact (called a full grain).

These products usually have the highest degree of protection and are usually the easiest to clean and care for.

General Care of Lomond

The biggest enemy to a piece of upholstery is the build-up of material on the surface of the leather.

When we make our pigmented leathers, the grain is embossed onto the surface to give a homogenous finish throughout.

The grain has a distinct pattern with peaks and valleys, if material is allowed to build up in these valleys there is a risk of sever abrasion of the surface of the leather. When you move against the surface of the leather instead of only rubbing fabric against the surface, the fabric grabs any free material and rubs said material under force and pressure against the surface of the leather.

We recommend vacumming the leather, as this removes the dirt particles and prevents them abrading against the surface of the leather.

Dusting with a cloth is also a suitable process.

Wet Stains

All stains should be removed immediately.

The simple answer is to simply remove any excess liquid or puddles with a damp lint free cloth.

It is very important to remove any excess as quickly as possible from the surface. If stains are not cleaned quickly the stain can penetrate into the fibre structure of the leather where it will become much harder to remove.

DO NOT use household cleaning products, anything with a solvent base will solubilize the finishes we use to manufacture the leather and will damage the leather.

For any residual stains, use leather cleaning wipes to gently remove the stain from the leather. Most stains should be removable if treated quickly and carefully.

Dry or longer term stains

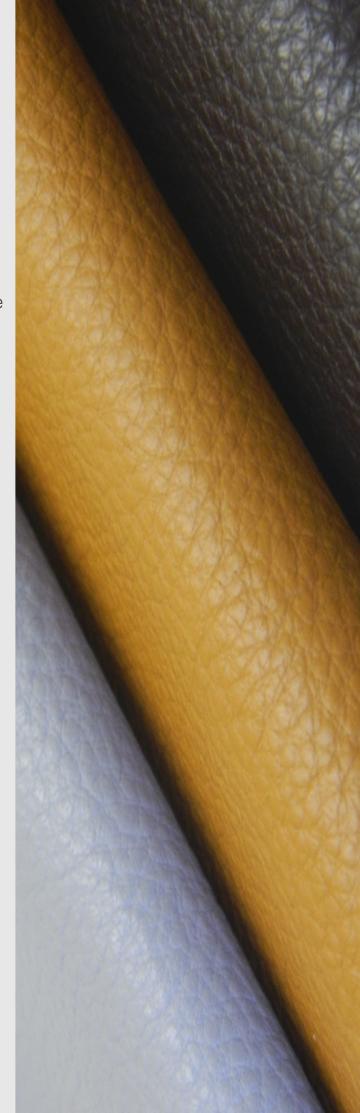
If the area is dry to the touch, apply leather cleaning wipes by rubbing in a gentle circular motion.

DO NOT use nail varnish remover, acetone, bleach, household detergent, hair spray or other cleaning products other than a damp cloth.

Most household cleaners contain solvents to solubilize the contaminant as such that they can be removed with a damp cloth. The solvent will remove the stain but will also start to dissolve the leather finish.

If in doubt, please get in touch for guidance.





Natural Characteristics of Leather

No two animal hides or skins are identical, just as no two people's skins are the same, with everyone having different cuts, scars and hair follicle sizes.

These are all natural characteristics of the animals that occur throughout their normal life.

Here are a few examples of natural marks that can be found throughout leather hides.

Instead of taking steps to remove these "imperfections", we ask you to embrace leather for what it is, a natural and beautiful material.

Don't see an imperfection, see character and how the authentic piece of furniture will add to your project.

Neck Grain

Veins

The majority of animals used to make leather will naturally graze on grass. This involves bending and stretching their necks daily in order to feed.

This constant moving creates creases and growth marks on the back of the neck.

As the age of the animal increases, the number and size of the neck grain will also increase.

On finished leather these grains will appear as textured lines.

Stretch Marks

In the same way in which humans develop stretch marks whilst growing, animals used for leather also have these identifiable marks.

Although this is arguably more common in the female hides and skins, with the obvious factor of childbirth and also the differeing amounts of fats present in the

Skin Disease

Psoriasis and eczema are as common in animals as they are in humans. Areas of the skin may be non-uniform where these conditions have been present.

Insect bites and parasite damage may leave varying marks and scars on the skin.



Just as you see the veins in your own skin, vein lines can appear on finished leather.

This occurs when bacteria is attracted to any remaining nutrient rich blood, in the original pathways of the blood vessels before leather manufacturing begins.

Skin is worn away and degraded into the pattern of the original pathways.

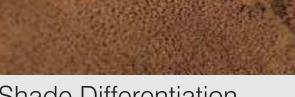


Scars

Animals may come into contact with various objects during their lifetime that can cut the skin, including barbed wire or other animal's horns, which may result animal hides. in the scarring of the skin.

Human intervention such as branding, which is done for ownership purposes, and any medical surgery could also leave a permanent scar.

Once these scars are healed, the tissue is slightly raised, however, it keeps intact its structural integrity.



Shade Differentiation

Each individual person has a different skin tone to those next to them, this is also the case in

Factors such as age, weight and size can affect the penetration of the dyestuffs. However, strict controls are applied to the chemical conditions to try ensure an even take up.

In a full grain hide you may find that there are different tonal hues, this is quite normal and is down to the dyeing process emphasising the natural transparency of the hide.

It is important to treat samples as a guide for colour and texture.







FLAMMABILITY TEST CERTIFICATE - 84476

COMPANY DETAILS: YARWOOD LEATHER

UNIT 13, TREEFIELD INDUSTRIAL ESTATE GELDERD ROAD, LEEDS, WEST YORKSHIRE

LS27 7JU

CONTACT NAME(S): JOHN EDWARD TEL: 01282 696969

EMAIL: john.edward@yarwoodleather.com

 DATE RECEIVED:
 21/09/2020

 DATE TESTED:
 30/09/2020

 DATE ISSUED:
 30/09/2020

 PO NUMBER:
 PO2045

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: LOMOND COLOUR: **NOT STATED QUALITY/BATCH REF: NOT STATED MODEL REF: NOT STATED** COMPOSITION: **LEATHER NOT STATED SAMPLE END USE: MANUFACTURER: NOT STATED** SUPPLIER/BUYER: **NOT STATED**

TEST METHOD(S):

BS 5852:2006 Clause 11 – Method of test for the ignitibility of upholstered composites ignition source 5.

PRE-TREATMENT:

The sample received has not been subjected to any pre-treatment prior to testing.

CONDITIONING:

The sample was conditioned for 72 hrs in ambient conditions for at least 24 hrs in a specified atmosphere at $23 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C and $50 \pm 5\%$ r h.

Authorised By:

Zeb AlamMark JonesKaren BrooksOperations DirectorQuality ManagerManaging Director





FLAMMABILITY TEST CERTIFICATE – 84476

TEST RESULTS:

"The Following test results relate only to the ignitibility of the combination of the materials under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended as a means of assessing the full potential fire hazard of the materials in use."

TEST RESULTS:

| TEST CRITERIA – BS 5852:2006 Source 5 | INITIAL TEST | REPEAT TEST |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| Flaming Ceased: | 04.00 | 06.10 |
| PROGRESSIVE SMOULDERING CRITERIA (4.1) | | |
| FILLING MATERIAL USED: | CMHR 35 | CMHR 35 |
| b) Detectable amounts of smoke, heat or glowing 60 mins after crib ignition? | NO | NO |
| c) Displays unsafe escalating combustion, requires to be forcibly extinguished? | NO | NO |
| d) Smouldering consumed the test specimen within the duration of the test? | NO | NO |
| e) Smoulder to the extremities i.e. upper or lower margins, either side or to its full thickness? | NO | NO |
| f) On final inspection, any evidence of charring more than 100 mm in any direction (apart from upwards) from the original nearest position? | NO | NO |
| FLAMING CRITERIA (4.2) | | |
| b) Flaming continued for more than 10 minutes after the ignition of the crib? | NO | NO |
| c) Displays unsafe escalating combustion, requires to be forcibly extinguished? | NO | NO |
| d) Flaming and/or smouldering consumed the test specimen within the duration of the test? | NO | NO |
| e) Flame front reaches the lower margin, either side or passes through the full thickness? | NO | NO |
| TEST RESULTS | PASS | PASS |

CONCLUSION:

The sample supplied meets the test criteria of BS 5852:2006 Clause 11

END OF REPORT





Test Certificate 84474 - 2

Report Details

Report Number 84474 - 2 Date Tested 28-Sep-20 Date Issued 28-Sep-20

Service Requested BS 5852 Part 1: 1979 - Schedule 4 Part 1 & Schedule 5 Part 1

Customer Details

Company Name YARWOOD LEATHER LTD

Customer Contact John Edward Company Address TREEFIELDS INDUSTRIAL ESTATE

Customer Ref/PO PO2045 GELDERD ROAD

LS27 7JU

Customer Details - As Supplied by the Customer

Sample Description LEATHER

Fibre Composition

Quality/Batch Ref LOMOND

Colour

Sample End Use

Model Ref Manufacturer

Supplier / Buyer

Specification:

Schedule 4 Part 1 (The Cigarette test) and Schedule 5 Part 1 (The Match test) of The Furniture Furnishings (Fire) (Safety) Regulations 1988 (as amended). S.I. 1324.

Test Methods:

BS 5852 Part 1: 1979 - Methods of test for the ignitibility by smokers' materials of upholstered composites for seating.

Conditioning:

The sample was conditioned for 72 hrs in ambient conditions then for at least 24 hrs in a specified atmosphere at $20 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C and $50 \pm 20\%$ relative humidity.

Pre-Treatment:

The sample received has not been subjected to any pretreatment prior to testing.

Please note: The uncertainty of measurement is taken into account when stating conformance to the specification. The measured value(s) marked* are compared with the 'acceptance interval" which is determined by reducing the specification limits by the expanded test uncertainty Uk=2 (approximately 95% confidence interval). Results outside these limits are declared as 'fail'. All test results issued on this certificate refer only to the item under test as supplied by the customer. This test certificate shall not be duplicated.





Test Certificate 84474 - 2

Test Results

The Following test results relate only to the ignitibility of the combination of the materials under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended as a means of assessing the full potential fire hazard of the materials in use.

| Test Type | Schedule 4 Part 1 | Initial Test | Repeat Test |
|---|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Filling Material Used: | | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ |
| Smouldering Duration [mm: | ss]: | FTS | FTS |
| Progressive smouldering and placement of the cigarette: | d/or flaming observed within one hour of the | | |
| Evidence of melting: | | | |
| Evidence of charring: | | • | ✓ |
| Evidence of dripping: | | | |
| Cover Split | | | |
| Forcibly Extinguished | | | |
| Test Result | | PASS | PASS |
| Test Type | Calcadula E Dant 1 | Initial Tast | Repeat Test |
| restrype | Schedule 5 Part 1 | Initial Test | Repeat Test |
| Filling Material Used: | Schedule 5 Part 1 | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ |
| | | | - |
| Filling Material Used: Smouldering / Flaming / Glo Progressive smouldering obs | | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ |
| Filling Material Used: Smouldering / Flaming / Glo | owing Duration [mm:ss]: | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ |
| Filling Material Used: Smouldering / Flaming / Glo Progressive smouldering obsthe flame: | owing Duration [mm:ss]: | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ |
| Filling Material Used: Smouldering / Flaming / Glo Progressive smouldering obsthe flame: Evidence of melting: | owing Duration [mm:ss]: | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ 0:00 | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ 0:01 |
| Filling Material Used: Smouldering / Flaming / Glo Progressive smouldering obsthe flame: Evidence of melting: Evidence of charring: Evidence of dripping: | owing Duration [mm:ss]: | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ 0:00 | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ 0:01 |
| Filling Material Used: Smouldering / Flaming / Glo Progressive smouldering obsthe flame: Evidence of melting: Evidence of charring: Evidence of dripping: Flaming continued for more | owing Duration [mm:ss]: served within one hour after the removal of | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ 0:00 | VP45 20-22Kg/m³ 0:01 |

Please note: The uncertainty of measurement is taken into account when stating conformance to the specification. The measured value(s) marked* are compared with the 'acceptance interval" which is determined by reducing the specification limits by the expanded test uncertainty Uk=2 (approximately 95% confidence interval). Results outside these limits are declared as 'fail'. All test results issued on this certificate refer only to the item under test as supplied by the customer. This test certificate shall not be duplicated.





Test Certificate 84474 - 2

Overall Result: PASS

The sample supplied meets the UK Furniture and Furnishing (Fire) (Safety) Regulations 1988 (amended 1989, 1993, 2010) S.I.1324

Authorised Signature:

Gi

Zeb Alam

Operations Director

END OF REPORT

Please note: The uncertainty of measurement is taken into account when stating conformance to the specification. The measured value(s) marked* are compared with the 'acceptance interval" which is determined by reducing the specification limits by the expanded test uncertainty Uk=2 (approximately 95% confidence interval). Results outside these limits are declared as 'fail'. All test results issued on this certificate refer only to the item under test as supplied by the customer. This test certificate shall not be duplicated.





FLAMMABILITY TEST CERTIFICATE – 84475

COMPANY DETAILS: YARWOOD LEATHER

UNIT 13, TREEFIELD INDUSTRIAL ESTATE GELDERD ROAD, LEEDS, WEST YORKSHIRE

LS27 7JU

CONTACT NAME(S): JOHN EDWARD TEL: 01282 696969

EMAIL: john.edward@yarwoodleather.com

 DATE RECEIVED:
 21/09/2020

 DATE TESTED:
 28/09/2020

 DATE ISSUED:
 28/09/2020

 PO NUMBER:
 PO2045

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: LOMOND
COLOUR: NOT STATED
QUALITY/BATCH REF: NOT STATED
COMPOSITION: LEATHER
WEAVE TYPE: NOT STATED
YARN COUNT: NOT STATED

THREADS PER INCH: WARP: NOT STATED WEFT: NOT STATED

FR TREATMENT: FABRIC: NOT STATED
MANUFACTURER: FABRIC: NOT STATED
SUPPLIER: FABRIC: NOT STATED

SAMPLE END USE: NOT STATED **FILLING DENSITY Kg/m³:** 20-22Kg/m³

SPECIFICATION/REQUIRMENT:

IMO FTP Part 8 – Fire test procedures for the ignitability by smokers' materials of upholstered composites for seating.

LAUNDERING PROCEDURE:

The sample received has not been subjected to any pre-treatment prior to testing.

CONDITIONING:

The sample was conditioned for 72 hrs in ambient conditions then for at least 24 hrs in a specified atmosphere at $23 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C and $50 \pm 5\%$ r h.

Authorised By:

C.F.

Zeb AlamMark JonesKaren BrooksOperations DirectorQuality ManagerManaging Director







FLAMMABILITY TEST CERTIFICATE – 84475

| CIGARETTE SPECIFICA | ATION: |
|---------------------|--------|
|---------------------|--------|

| Diameter: 8mm | Ø Length: 7 | '0mm Mass: | 1.0g | Smouldering Rate: 12 min/50mm |
|---------------|-------------|-------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| | | | | |

TEST RESULTS:

"The Following test results relate only to the behaviour of the test specimens of a product under particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use"

| , , | 0 1 | · |
|--|----------------|-------------------|
| TEST CRITERIA – (CIGARETTE TEST) | INITIAL TEST | REPEAT TEST |
| FILLING MATERIAL USED: | VP45 | VP45 |
| Smouldering Ceased | FTS | FTS |
| PROGRESSIVE SMOULDERING CRITERIA (9.2) | | |
| Progressive smouldering and/or flaming observed within one hour of the placement of the cigarette? | NO | NO |
| Evidence of melting, charring, dripping? | Melting: X Cha | arring: Dripping: |
| FLAMING CRITERIA (9.3) | | |
| Cover Split? | NO | NO |
| Extent of Damage from source of ignition (mm) | 4 X 3 | 4 X 2 |
| TEST RESULT | PASS | PASS |
| | | |
| TEST CRITERIA – SCHEDULE 5 PART 1 (MATCH TEST) | INITIAL TEST | REPEAT TEST |
| FILLING MATERIAL USED: | VP45 | VP45 |

| TEST CRITERIA – SCHEDULE 5 PART 1 (MATCH TEST) | INITIAL TEST | REPEAT TEST |
|--|---------------|-----------------------|
| FILLING MATERIAL USED: | VP45 | VP45 |
| Flaming duration: | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| PROGRESSIVE SMOULDERING CRITERIA (9.3) | | |
| Progressive smouldering and/or flaming observed within one hour of the removal of the flame? | NO | NO |
| Evidence of melting, charring, dripping? | Melting: 🖂 Ch | arring: 🛛 Dripping: 🗌 |
| FLAMING CRITERIA (9.3) | | |
| Flaming continued for more than 120 seconds after the removal of the burner? | NO | NO |
| Extent of damage from source of ignition (mm) | 38 X 10 | 40 X 10 |
| TEST RESULT | PASS | PASS |
| | | |

CONCLUSION:

The sample supplied \pmb{meets} the performance criteria as stated in paragraph 3 of IMO FTP Part 8

END OF REPORT



Get in touch

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